Iran pressing ahead with enrichment

A new report from the UN nuclear watchdog says Iran appears determined to expand its uranium enrichment programme and is hindering UN efforts to establish whether the country has a secret atomic bomb project. The findings could lead to punitive measures by the UN Security Council

KEY FINDINGS

URANIUM ENRICHMENT

- Iran has recently begun feeding uranium gas into 10-centrifuge "cascade" - which spins gas into enriched uranium - and testing 20-centrifuge version at Natanz
- Plans to start assembling 3,000 centrifuges by late 2006 eventually wants 50,000 to power nuclear reactor at Bushehr

Experts say 3,000 centrifuges needed to yield 20kg of highlyenriched uranium - enough for one nuclear bomb

★ Nuclear facilities ✓ Suspect nuclear weapons sites Lavizan / Parchin Natanz Tehran TIRAN Bushehr 300km 186 miles

Satellite image of Natanz plant, Jan 2, 2006



SUSPECTED BOMB BLUEPRINT

Repeated refusal to provide copy of document, located by IAEA inspectors, showing how to cast fissile uranium into shape to fit warhead

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MILITARY LINKS

Iran evasive over links between Green Salt Project - precursor of uranium enrichment - with high explosives and warhead design

INSPECTIONS

No trace of nuclear materials found at Parchin military site

Doubts persist over work carried out at Lavizan military research facility - bulldozed in 2004

Mohamed ElBaradei IAEA chief

