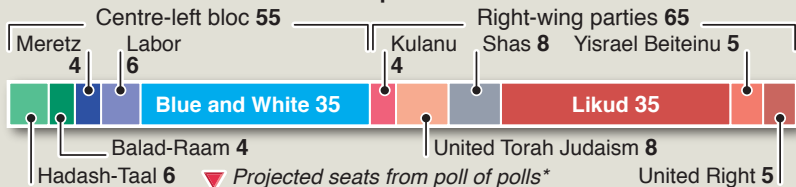


# Who's who in Israel's election

Israelis vote for parties, not individual candidates, and 32 parties are competing at the ballot box. The more votes a party gets, the more seats it wins in Israel's 120-seat parliament, the Knesset

## Seats after April 2019 election



**הליכוד**

■ **Likud:** Prime Minister **Benjamin Netanyahu's** party. Opposes Palestinian state, pledges to annex Jordan Valley in occupied West Bank



**כחול לבן**

■ **Blue and White**  
Centrist coalition led by **Benny Gantz** – former army general – created to oppose prime minister and his alleged corruption



**ישראל ביתנו**

■ **Yisrael Beiteinu:** Led by **Avigdor Lieberman**. Wants to form three-party unity government with Blue and White and Likud

**ימינה**

■ **Yamina:** Hard-right alliance led by **Ayelet Shaked**. Supports settlement growth, opposes Palestinian statehood

**القائمة المشتركة  
الديموقراطية**

■ **Joint List:** Union of four Arab-Israeli parties led by **Ayman Odeh**. Advocates for minority rights and Palestinian statehood

**המחנה  
הדמוקרטי**

■ **Democratic Union:** Left-wing alliance led by **Nitzan Horowitz**. Backs Palestinian state, minority rights and religious pluralism

■ **United Torah Judaism:** Polls suggest 8 seats

■ **Shas:** Ultra-Orthodox. 7 seats

■ **Labor:** Allied to centrist **Gesher** party. 5 seats

■ **Ozma Yehudit:** Anti-Arab, far-right. 3 seats

\*Last seven polls released by Panel Project HaMdigam, Midgam, Shvakim Panorama, Smith, Panels Politics, Kantar, Maagar Mohot  
Source: Jewish Telegraphic Agency

Pictures: Associated Press

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