## THE RISING SUN

■ 1937, Jul 7: Japan invades China. Ultra-nationalist military leaders justify plan to occupy China, Manchuria and Korea under pretext of Hakko Ichiu ancient Shinto concept of "all the world under one roof", ruled by Japan's divine Emperor.

Invasion sets Japan on course for World War

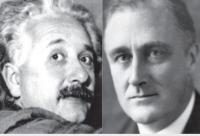
Emperor Hirohito (right). Believed to have opposed Japan's drift to war

■ 1938: German scientists Otto Hahn and Fritz Strassman demonstrate nuclear fission – splitting the nucleus of a uranium atom and converting some of its mass to energy.

Japanese atom bomb project begins under direction of physicist Yoshio Nishina (right). Japan purchases cyclotron - to enrich uranium from University of California



■ 1939: Germany starts project to build atom bomb. Rival teams led by physicists Kurt Diebner and Werner Heisenberg (left) explore uranium and plutonium devices



■ Aug: Scientists led by Albert Einstein (left) write to U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt (right), warning of Nazi Germany's A-bomb project. Letter recommends that U.S. develops its own atom bomb Manhattan Project is born



## **BLITZKRIEG**

Sep: Adolf Hitler invades Poland. Britain and France declare war on Germany. Britain begins GEN75 project to build atom bomb

1940: Heisenberg's protégé Carl Friedrich Freiherr von Weizsäcke proposes use of eka-rhenium as nuclear explosive. Eka-rhenium - now called *neptunium* - decays into

■ 1941: Heisenberg's team files patent for plutonium bomb in Germany

## The race to build the bomb

On August 6, 1945, a single American aircraft dropped an atom bomb on the Japanese city of Hiroshima. Three days later Nagasaki met the same fate. Japan surrendered within a week, ending World War Two. More than 120,000 of the 450,000 people in the two cities were killed - a further 100,000 died from radiation-related illnesses

**CHINA** 

Laos.

(Vietnam,

Cambodia)



SIAM

(Thailand)

Singapore

Harbour, bringing U.S. into war



■ 1942: Soviet leader *Joseph* Stalin (above left) learns of U.S. and German A-bomb projects. Soviet atomic weapons programme begins under leadership of physicist Igor Kurchatov (right)

**1944:** In U.S., Manhattan Project employs almost 129,000 people - including British and Canadian atom scientists - under leadership of Robert Oppenheimer



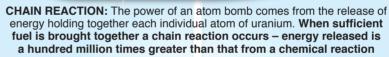
## RAIN OF STEEL

■ 1945, Apr 1: U.S. invades Okinawa - last stepping stone on road to Japan - 81-day battle claims more than 110,000 Japanese and 14,000 American lives. U.S. firebombing of Japanese cities forces Tokyo's A-bomb project to be moved to Hungnam, in what is now North Korea



Apr 12: Roosevelt dies. Harry S. Truman becomes U.S. president. Briefed on Manhattan Project, Truman sees bomb as way to end war quickly and save American lives

■ May 7: Allied Armies accept unconditional surrender of Nazi Germany - Pacific war continues



**PHILIPPINES** 

INDONESIA

June 1945, modern

Hokkaido

Honshu

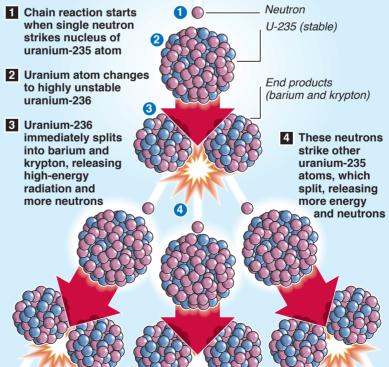
Tokyo

Guam

New

Guinea

borders shown



ISSION

WORLD'S FIRST A-BOMB

Little Boy uranium bomb Length: 3 metres 4.400kg Weight: Yield: 15 kilotons 1. Barometric safety

switch operates when bomb is just 1,500m above target

2. Proximity fuze fires explosive charge

3. Wedge of uranium-235 is fired at large target of U-235

4. Force of impact welds two pieces together. creating super-critical mass of uranium drenched in neutrons. Chain reaction accelerates and atomic blast follows

**Jun 18, 1945:** Truman approves plan to invade and occupy Japan. Invasion will employ 2.7 million U.S. troops

Jul: Two atomic bombs – uranium-fuelled Little Boy and plutonium-fuelled Fat Man are transported to Tinian in U.S.-occupied Marianas

Jul 16, Trinity Test: After \$2 billion of research (\$26.3bn in current value), prototype plutonium device is detonated in New Mexico desert. It yields four times more energy

than scientists had thought possible. Oppenheimer quotes Hindu Bhagavad Gita: "I am become Death, the destroyer of worlds"

Jul 26, Potsdam Declaration: U.S., Britain and China demand Japanese surrender or face "prompt and utter destruction". Japan ignores declaration

Aug 6, 8:15am: B-29 bomber Enola Gay, flying at 9,150 metres, drops atomic bomb on Hiroshima, killing almost everyone within



Aug 9, 11:02am: U.S. drops plutonium bomb on Nagasaki, killing 40,000 people instantly

Aug 14: Japan surrenders

Sources: Physics World, Hitler's Bomb by Rainer Karlsch and Mark Walker, Japan's Secret War by Robert Wilcox, Ruin from the Air by Gordon Thomas & Max Morgan Witts, FAS, GlobalSecurity.org