ISIS reports detail reign of terror

Since 2012 The Islamic State of Iraq and al-Sham (ISIS) has issued two annual reports outlining its operations. Called al-Naba – the News – the reports demonstrate the jihadi group's record to potential donors



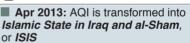
■ Abu Bakr al-Baghdadi: Becomes leader of Al-Qaeda in Iraq in 2010. Al-Baghdadi finds AQI is in urgent need of funds

■ 2011: Syria slides into civil
war. Kuwaiti charities and individual donors
begin to support protesters. By end of year
funding goes to armed rebel groups fighting
Syrian government. Al-Baghdadi receives
financial support to enter Syrian conflict

■ 2012: Donors post tweets and videos on Twitter, Facebook and other social media announcing creation of new rebel brigades. Monthly payments of up to \$280,000 go to as many as 1,000 armed groups

Social media: Posts call for donations of \$800-\$1,000 to buy Rocket Propelled Grenades (RPGs) or AK-47 assault rifles

■ Fundraising peaks: Gulf State donors give an estimated \$100 million to rebels in 2013. Campaign in Kuwait calls for donors to raise \$30m to fund 12,000 jihadists in Syria



- ISIS income: Sales of oil and electricity from captured oil wells and power plants in Syria is estimated at more than \$2.8m a day
- Extortion: Taxes on businesses in Mosul net some \$8m per month
- Looting: ISIS reportedly loots \$429m from central bank in Mosul
- IEDs Improvised explosive devices
 Other bomb attacks
- Assassinations army commanders

and capture of eight cities

Other, including 78 suicide bombers

Targeted attacks

