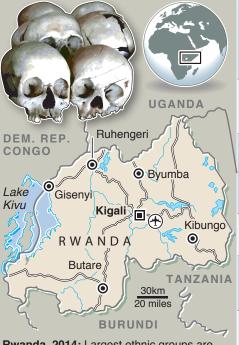
Rwanda genocide remembered

In the 100 days that followed the assassination of President Juvenal Habyarimana on April 6, 1994, some 800,000 people were killed



Hutus (about 75% of 11.4 million population), Tutsis (24%), and Twa (1%)

Rwanda, 2014: Largest ethnic groups are

Apr 1994: President Habyarimana - ethnic Hutu negotiating peace with Tutsi rebels - is killed along with Burundian president when their plane is shot down

Apr 7: Hutu extremists seize control of army and government and begin systematic massacre of Tutsis

Jul: Paul Kagame's Tutsi-led rebel movement captures capital, Kigali. Two million Hutus, including militias, flee to Zaire, now Democratic Republic of Congo

Dec 1996: Genocide trials begin at International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda

Apr 2000: Ministers and members of parliament elect Kagame as Rwanda's president

1996- 2014: ICTR tries 75 individuals in 55 cases -49 individuals are convicted, 14 acquitted, and 12 are awaiting outcome of appeals

Source: Human Rights Watch