

Rwanda genocide remembered

In the 100 days that followed the assassination of President Juvénal Habyarimana on April 6, 1994, some 800,000 people were killed



■ **Apr 1994:** President Habyarimana – ethnic Hutu negotiating peace with Tutsi rebels – is killed along with Burundian president when their plane is shot down

■ **Apr 7:** Hutu extremists seize control of army and government and begin systematic massacre of Tutsis

■ **Jul: Paul Kagame's** Tutsi-led rebel movement captures capital, Kigali. Two million Hutus, including militias, flee to Zaire, now Democratic Republic of Congo

■ **Dec 1996:** Genocide trials begin at *International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda*

■ **Apr 2000:** Ministers and members of parliament elect Kagame as Rwanda's president

■ **1996- 2014:** ICTR tries 75 individuals in 55 cases – 49 individuals are convicted, 14 acquitted, and 12 are awaiting outcome of appeals

Rwanda, 2014: Largest ethnic groups are Hutus (about 75% of 11.4 million population), Tutsis (24%), and Twa (1%)