Iran nears interim nuclear deal with U.S.

Iran and the six world powers are set to reach a preliminary agreement under which the Islamic state would curb some of its nuclear activities in exchange for limited relief from sanctions



John Kerry, U.S. Secretary Zarif. Iran's of State



foreign minister PRELIMINARY AGREEMENT

Proposed deal over six-month

time frame would allow possibility of more permanent agreement in the long term

- Iran would stop weapons-grade 20% uranium enrichment and turn existing stockpile into harmless oxide
- Tehran would be allowed to continue enriching uranium at 3.5% purity needed for nuclear power stations, but limit number of
- centrifuges used for this purpose U.S. would ease "reversible" economic sanctions, possibly by releasing some Iranian foreign exchange reserves or relaxing restrictions on petrochemical industries

Sources: International Atomic Energy Agency



- Iran would halt activation of Arak heavy water reactor while being allowed to continue working on facility
- Tehran would agree not to use its more advanced IR-2M centrifuges. which can enrich uranium between three and five times faster than older model
- Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu warns that any deal which failed to stop Iran from enriching uranium would be a "mistake of historic proportions"

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