Microsoft's key acquisitions 1981: MS-DOS, \$50,000 Microsoft buys 86-DOS operating system from Seattle Computer Products, licenses it to IBM as MS-DOS 1987: Powerpoint, \$14m Presentation programme bought from Forethought 1991: Microsoft Mail. \$20.5m Buvs Network Courier email system from Canadian-based Consumers Software. Microsoft Mail eventually becomes Exchange Online newdis 1992: Foxpro, \$174.8m Clone of Ashton-1990 Tate's dBase relational database eventually NEUDIS rolled into Microsoft Office Access 1995: Internet Explorer, \$8m Microsoft licences Spyglass Mosaic and launches it as Internet Explorer 1.0 1995 1996: Frontpage, \$133m HTML website editor bought from 1997: Hotmail, \$400m Vermeer Technologies Inc. Now obsolete Web-based email service eventually 2000: Visio, \$1.38bn becomes Microsoft Niche flowchart application Passport and developed by Shapeware 2000 Outlook.com 2003: PlaceWare, \$200m 1998: Link Web conferencing software renamed Exchange, \$265m Microsoft Office Live Meeting Microsoft buys 2007: aQuantive, Inc., \$6bn popular internet 2005 Digital advertising agency becomes part of advertising Microsoft's newly-created Advertiser and cooperative Publisher Solutions (APS) Group 2011: Skype, \$8.5bn Buys video calling developer Skype Technologies 2012: Yammer, \$1.2bn Buys corporate social network 2013: Nokia, \$7.2bn Microsoft Sources: Silicon Microsoft buys Nokia's Underground, smartphone business and news reports patents in all-cash deal

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