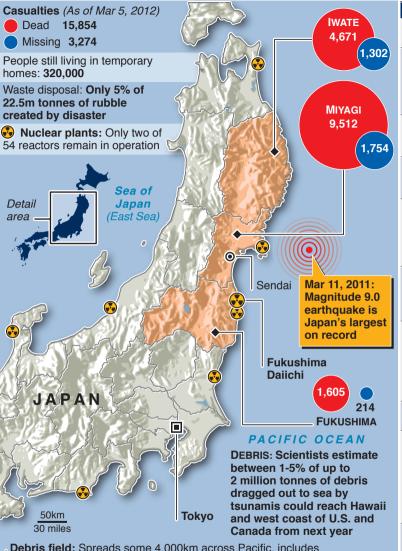
Japan earthquake and tsunami - one year on



Debris field: Spreads some 4,000km across Pacific, includes refrigerators, TVs and objects from Japanese fishing industry. **Not thought to be contaminated by radiation**

FUKUSHIMA DAIICHI NUCLEAR CRISIS

- Mar 11, 2012: Earthquake and tsunami shut down reactor units 1, 2, 3
- Mar 12: First of series of hydrogen explosions at plant. Evacuation zone expanded to 20km radius affecting around 160.000 people 8% of
- Apr 4: 11.5 tonnes of water with low levels of radioactivity discharged into sea as part of cooling operations
- Apr 12: Japan raises severity level of accident to maximum 7 on international scale equal with Chernobyl
- Jun 6: Estimates by Japan's Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency (NISA) put total amount of radiation released into atmosphere at 770,000 terabecquerels more than double its earlier estimate
- Aug 26: NISA says total of radioactive caesium leaked 15,000TBq is about equal to 168 atomic bombs of size dropped on Hiroshima in 1945
- oct 31: France's nuclear safety institute says 27,000TBq of caesium 137 20 times amount estimated by plant operator TEPCO leaked into sea in biggest discharge of radioactive material into ocean in history
- Dec 16: Japan announces reactors have achieved state of "cold shutdown"
- Apr 1, 2012: Japan is to cut limits of caesium in meat, vegetables and fish from 500 to 100 becquerels per kilogram and milk from 200 to 50Bq/kg. EU increased safe levels in March 2011 to 1,000Bq/kg for milk and 1,250Bq/kg for other foods
- May 2013: UN committee due to publish first independent report showing estimate of total radiation released and forecast of health risks



