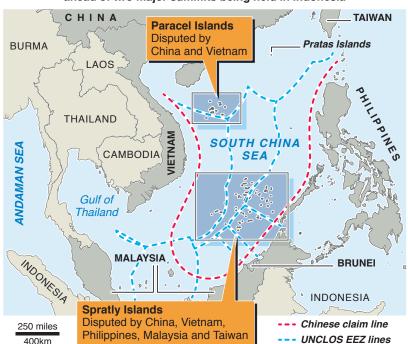
South China Sea maritime dispute

China is expected to take a firm stance against criticism of its claim to vast swathes of the potentially oil and gas rich South China Sea, ahead of two major summits being held in Indonesia



UNCLOS: United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea – 1982 agreement which sets out rights and responsibilities of nations in their use of the world's oceans, establishing national maritime borders such as **EEZ** (Exclusive Economic Zones)

CONFLICTING INTERESTS

- China: Has signed UNCLOS but says Paracel and Spratly islands have been Chinese since ancient times
- Malaysia: Says its claims are based on 1979 map defining its continental shelf boundaries
- Philippines: Issued decree in 1978, asserting its claim to region. Occupies several Spratly Islands
- Taiwan: Claims Paracel, Pratas and Spratly islands and has built airport on Itu Aba in Spratlys
- Vietnam: Hanoi has ratified UNCLOS but occupies dozens of Spratlys, some with military bases
- Brunei: Claims part of South China Sea as its EEZ, including Louisa Reef in Spratlys. Occupies no islands

Source: Wire agencies