## Sky investors play hard ball with Murdoch

Rupert Murdoch's News Corp tabled £7.8 billion in 2010 to buy the 60.9% of BSkyB it does not already own, but leading investors are mobilising, demanding more than £10bn to reflect Sky's rocketing profits



- Nov 1990: BSkyB formed through 50:50 merger of British Satellite Broadcasting with News Corp's Sky Television
- Jun 2010: BSkyB rejects 700p per share bid by News Corp offer worth £7.8bn (\$12.7bn) suggests 800p
- Aug: Cost jumps by \$700m after pound gains 6% against dollar
- Oct: British newspapers and BBC ask government to block News Corp's bid, saying it harms public interest and media plurality in UK
- Nov: UK Business Secretary Vince Cable calls on regulator Ofcom to investigate bid. James Murdoch (above left), head of News Corp in Europe and Asia, warns that Britain risks losing investment
- Dec: European Union antitrust regulators approve takeover. Cable (right) is stripped of his role in proposed deal after he is quoted as saying he had "declared war on Mr Murdoch". Culture Secretary Jeremy Hunt assumes responsibility

- Jan 2011: Rupert Murdoch (above right) makes it known he may spin off loss-making 24-hour news channel Sky News to address Ofcom issues
- Jan 27: BSkyB's half-year pre-tax profits jump 26% to £467m. Sky's subscriber base hits 10 million each paying on average £541 per year
- Mar 3: Culture Secretary Hunt accepts Murdoch's offer to spin off Sky News in lieu of referral to Competition Commission
- Image: Major shareholder Fidelity International demands 950p per share, citing synergies such as bundling digital newspapers with Sky Broadband. This pushes price to over £10.6 billion



Pictures: Associated Press, Getty Images

© GRAPHIC NEWS