

Timeline of Egyptian unrest

■ **Jan 28:** Protests come to a head after Friday prayers, with around 60 people killed in clashes across Egypt



Mubarak imposes dusk-to-dawn curfew

■ **Jan 29:** Mubarak dismisses government but refuses to step down

Appoints vice president for first time since taking office in 1981 – intelligence chief **Omar Suleiman**



■ **Jan 30:** Thousands of protesters defy curfew as Egyptian fighter jets swoop low over crowds gathered in Cairo's Tahrir Square

U.S. President **Barack Obama** urges "orderly transition" to democracy in Egypt



■ **Jan 31:** Army pledges not to use force against protesters

■ **Feb 1:** Up to a million people protest peacefully in cities across Egypt



Mubarak announces he will not stand for re-election in September and promises programme of reform



■ **Feb 2:** Army tells protesters to return home

Violence erupts in Tahrir Square between supporters of Mubarak and protesters calling on him to step down now – at least five killed



■ **Feb 3:** Pro-government gunmen fire on protesters in square, killing around 10

■ **Feb 4:** Vast crowds call for Mubarak's immediate resignation in "Day of Departure" rally in Cairo

■ **Feb 5:** Mubarak's son **Gamal** resigns leadership of ruling NDP party

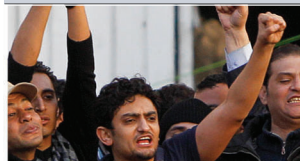


UN estimates 300 people have died in unrest

■ **Feb 6:** Opposition groups, including banned Muslim Brotherhood, hold landmark talks with government

■ **Feb 7:** Mubarak sets up two committees to draw up changes to constitution

■ **Feb 8:** **Wael Ghonim** – Google executive and political activist detained by state security forces for 12 days – feted by huge crowds in Tahrir Square



■ **Feb 9:** Protesters block entrance to parliament as strikes break out nationwide

■ **Feb 10:** Mubarak announces he will stay in office until September – protesters react with fury

■ **Feb 11:** Mubarak steps down and hands power to military



■ **Jan 25:** Inspired by fall of Tunisian president, thousands of Egyptians stage "Day of Rage" to demand end of 30-year authoritarian presidency of **Hosni Mubarak**

■ **Jan 26:** Police use tear gas, water cannons and batons to disperse protesters in Cairo



■ **Jan 27:** **Mohamed ElBaradei**, former head of IAEA turned democracy advocate, arrives in Cairo to join protests

