Key elements of U.S.-Russia nuclear treaty

The New START Treaty will reduce the number of strategic nuclear warheads and allow the U.S and Russia to resume inspections - which have been suspended for over a year - of each other's nuclear bases

2,600

New limits on strategic warheads:

Each side to limit arsenal of nuclear warheads ready to launch to 1,550 within seven vears. U.S. arsenal cut by 468 Russia's cut by 1,100

New START 1.550 limit

1.968

to allow 10 short notice inspections of ICBM, submarine and air bases

annually, and eight inspections of storage facilities for non-deployed warheads

Verification: Treaty

WARHEADS (2010)

9,600 **Strategic**

500 Non-strategic Reserve/awaiting 7,132

dismantling **Delivery systems**

880

U.S.

1.968

WARHEADS (2010)

12,000

Strategic Non-strategic 2.600 2,050

7.350

Reserve/awaiting dismantling

> **Delivery systems** 685

New limits on missile delivery systems:

Each side allowed up to 800 submarine-launched ballistic missiles, heavy bombers and ICBMs, whether they are deployed or not. Of these only 700 can be ready to launch

RUSSIA