## Key issues at London Afghanistan conference Security: Phased handover Reintegration: Britain and

■ Security: Phased handover by ISAF (International Security Assistance Force) to Afghan National Army (ANA) starting 2010. First provinces to be handed over to ANA – with ISAF moving to support role – by early 2011. Currently, just 22 ANA battalions, totalling 13,200 troops, are capable of acting independently, with 16 battalions able to operate only with coalition support

Japan to fund National
Reintegration Organization.

Deal – expected to cost
up to \$500 million – aims to
lure low-level insurgents
to hand over their guns with
promises of money, land
and jobs. Plan will also seek
reconciliation with senior
Taliban commanders, and
remove their names from lists
of U.S. and NATO targets

UZBEK.

Termiz

TAJIK



Mazar-e Sharif

Kashkari (Oil)

Juma-Bashikurd (Gas)

Oil/gas fields on offer

Jangalikalan (Gas)

Economy: Afghanistan government to create competitive, transparent process for managing mining and petroleum sector. First round of oil and gas auctions in 2009 produced only one license – bid submitted by U.S.-based oil company for Kashkari oil field

Foreign policy:
Afghan President
Hamid Karzai is willing
to bring Taliban into
government, but wants
his neighbours to end
support for illegally
armed groups. Pakistan
intelligence service
has supported Afghan
Taliban since 1990s