Britain's crisis management budget

Chancellor Alistair Darling revealed eye-watering levels of national debt and record peacetime borrowing in a budget designed to combat the nation's most severe recession in 60 years

Economy: National income - Gross Domestic Product expected to plunge by 3.5% or £51.5bn in 2009-10

£1,600 per taxpayer

Borrowina: Public sector borrowing will surge to £175bn. or 11.9% of GDP. highest since World War II

UK

79%

£5,800 per taxpayer

■ Debt as percentage of GDP: Public sector net debt to soar from 36.3% to over 79% in 2013-14, smashing Prime Minister Gordon Brown's 40% "golden rule" GDP (2008): £1,473 billion

SPAIN FRANCE 36.2% U.S. 63.9%

60.8%

GERMANY 64.9% £48.140 per taxpayer

JAPAN 170% **ITALY** 104%

Bank bail-outs: Chancellor estimates cost at £51.5bn. £1,634 disputing IMF per taxpaver estimate of £134bn or 9.1% of GDP Car industry: £2.000 "cash for clunkers" scheme to swap old vehicles for new models Climate change: £525m for wind farms.

£840m for other green technology.

Reduce carbon

emissions by

will spend £1.7bn to help iob-seekers. Long-term iobless under 25 to be offered a job or training opportunities Housing: £500m to kickstart

Job creation: Chancellor

stalled building projects. £100m for local authorities to build energy-efficient housing. £50m to modernise military housing.

> £1bn to extend stamp duty holiday for properties under £175.000

> > Income tax: New 50% rate from 2010 for those earning

over £150.000 Sources: ONS,

34% by 2020 **HM Treasury** Picture: Getty Images © GRAPHIC NEWS