

Old threats, new challenges for NATO

NATO celebrates its 60th anniversary summit, hosted by France and Germany, as the Cold War alliance seeks to redefine its role and address a wealth of issues concerning future enlargement, relations with Russia, missile defence, energy security, piracy, cybercrime and the ongoing war in Afghanistan



Securing our Future
... 1949 - 2009 ...
Garantir l'avenir de notre sécurité

1. ALBANIA / 2. CROATIA

Both countries expected to become full NATO members at summit

3. FRANCE

Will rejoin NATO's integrated military command after absence of 43 years

4. MACEDONIA

Membership vetoed by **Greece**, which objects to its neighbour taking name of northern Greek region

5. BOSNIA / 6. MONTENEGRO

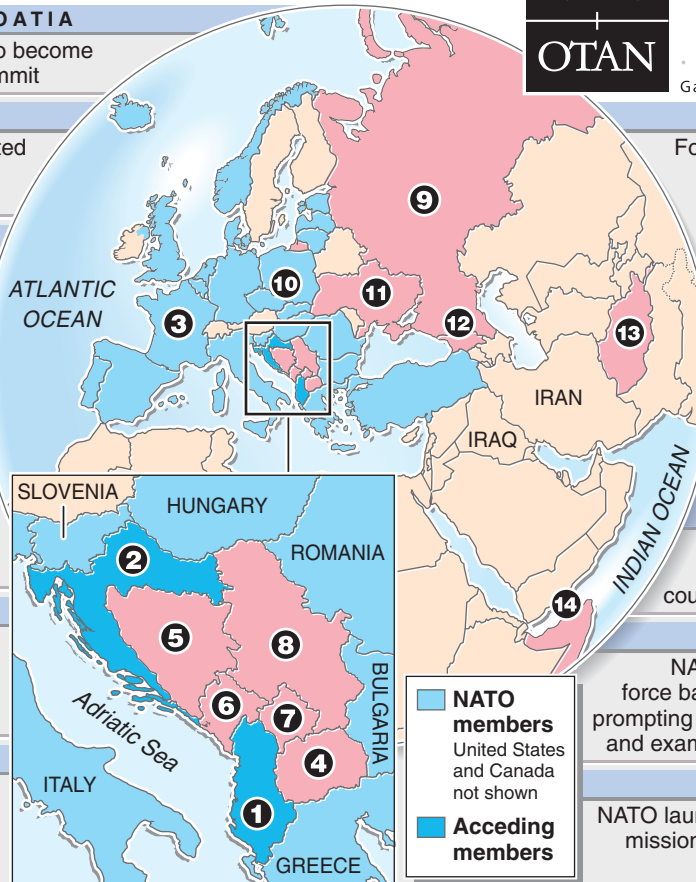
Both countries hope to be offered **Membership Action Plan (MAP)** – roadmap for full NATO membership

7. KOSOVO

NATO leads 10-year-old **Kosovo Force (KFOR)** peacekeeping mission. Current troops 15,500

8. SERBIA

Not seeking membership following NATO support for Kosovo's declaration of independence



NATO members
United States and Canada not shown

Acceding members

9. RUSSIA

Following renewed ties with NATO, Moscow is now allowing transport of non-military supplies through its territory to U.S. and Alliance troops in Afghanistan

10. MISSILE SHIELD

U.S. may rethink plans for European-based defence strongly opposed by Russia

11. UKRAINE / 12. GEORGIA

Seek NATO membership but proximity to Russia could deny them MAP status

13. AFGHANISTAN

NATO's 55,000-strong **ISAF** force battles growing insurgency, prompting U.S. to send more troops and examine alternative strategies

14. SOMALIA

NATO launching second anti-piracy mission to counter ship hijacking threat in **Gulf of Aden**