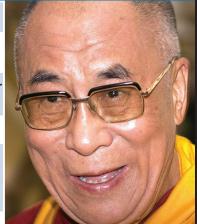
Dalai Lama - Tibet's spiritual leader

- ▶ July 6, 1935: Born to peasant family in small village in north-eastern Tibet
- ▶ 1937: Recognised at age two as reincarnation of 13 previous Dalai Lamas by search party of Buddhist officials
- ▶ 1940: Enthroned as 14th Dalai Lama. Tibet ruled by regents as he begins monastic education
- ▶ 1950: China invades Tibet. Dalai Lama, aged 15, assumes full power
 ▶ 1959: Tibetan protestors demand
- end to Chinese rule. Troops crush revolt, killing thousands. Dalai Lama flees to Dharamsala, India, and sets
- up Tibetan government in exile

 ▶ 1959-65: Dalai Lama persuades UN
- to adopt three resolutions calling for protection of human rights in Tibet

 1987: Proposes five-point plan
- calling for establishment of Tibet as "zone of peace", and for end of large-
- "zone of peace", and for end of large scale migration by ethnic Han Chinese into Tibet
- ▶ 1989: Awarded *Nobel Peace Prize* for his consistent opposition
- to violence in quest for Tibetan self-rule



- ▶ 1993: Expresses his goal of Tibetan autonomy rather than complete independence
- ▶ 2002: Representatives of Dalai Lama make trip to Beijing amid signs of thaw, but discussions make no substantive progress
- Oct 17, 2007: Dalai Lama awarded U.S. Congressional Gold Medal highest civilian honour bestowed by Congress
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