Sarkozy's new-style French connection

Since the Fifth Republic was formed in 1958, French foreign policy has remained remarkably constant with presidents either of an anti-American Gaullist variety or left-wing anti-capitalist strain. Now Nicolas Sarkozy – who takes over the presidency on May 16 – looks set to break the mould

■ United States:

Pro-America, describing U.S. as world's greatest democracy... "but friendship is accepting that one's friends can think differently". Readily criticizes failures of U.S. environmental policy

- Middle East: Strong relationship with Israel, but vast majority of French people are largely sympathetic towards Palestinians
- Iraq: Sarkozy has criticized "French arrogance" over war in Iraq but has long defended France's decision to stay out of war, citing bitter lessons of France's history in Algeria and Vietnam
- Iran: Supports diplomatic rather than military efforts to solve nuclear crisis, but needs to win unity of Russia and China on UN Security Council to apply sanctions against Iranian regime

European Union:
Plans to resolve
impasse over European
constitution with mini
treaty. Opposed to
Turkey's bid to become
EU member, instead
offering "privileged
association" with
27-nation bloc. Opposes
further eastward
expansion – blow to
Ukraine's accession

- Africa: Tough line on immigration, but will end so-called "Francafrique" policies of past French leaders who supported currupt African leaders
- Russia: Visceral anti-communist ideologically very distant from Russian President *Vladimir Putin*
- China: Human rights to be cornerstone of foreign policy with Beijing
- Afghanistan: Expected to continue France's military commitment in conflict against *Taliban* and *al-Qaeda*