U.S. and India seek landmark nuclear deal A pact agreed in principle last year would give India access to U.S. nuclear technology to meet its soaring energy needs in return for a commitment to separate its civilian and military nuclear programmes. India says it will make concessions but will not compromise security to seal the deal President Bush: **Prime Minister** Manmohan Singh: Insists on separation Prepared to list of programmes because reactors generating 65% of atomic U.S. recognizes India as power as civilian - and thus open having civilian nuclear to international scrutiny - but New programme only experimental fast-breeder reactors Delhi not as legitimate to be excluded nuclear weapons state Rajasthan L Narora: 2 4 🚱 😭 2 500km Kakrapar: 2 310 miles Tarapur: 2 🚱 😵 2 INDIA America's non-proliferation lobby opposes Kaiga India's nuclear deal - arguing 2 💑 🔂 2 reactors cooperation with 🔼 In operation: 14 Kalpakkam: 2 India, which has Capacity: 2,503 megawatts not signed Nuclear Under Construction: 8 Non-Proliferation Power capacity: 3,590 MW Treaty, would allow Kudankulam: 2 India aims to expand nuclear it to expand its power capacity to 20,000 MW military arsenal

by 2020

© GRAPHIC NEWS

Sources: IAEA, DAE Government of India, FAS