

Iraq rebuilding its war machine

A Pentagon report claims Iraq has rebuilt much of its weapons production capability destroyed during the Gulf War and highlights the inability of UN inspectors to halt weapons production. Iraq now has about 2,200 tanks, 2,500 APCs, 1,650 artillery pieces and over 200 Scud missiles



Heavy armament assembly

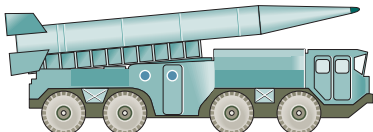
Al Ameen: T-72 tank assembly line

Base West World: Large armour retrofitting centre

Saad 5: (Saddam Engineering Complex) 122mm howitzers, Ababil rockets, mortar sighting systems and tank optics

Sehee: Heavy engineering plant for artillery, cannon barrels and vehicles

Taji: Armoured personnel carriers (APCs) and artillery pieces



Missile production

Al Amil: Liquid nitrogen production

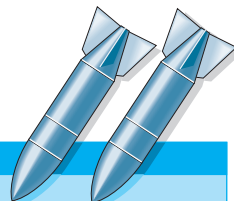
Al Rabiya: Precision machinery

Saad 16: Ballistic missile research and development centre



Nuclear facilities

Baghdad, Saad 16, Ash Sharqat, Al Hadre, Al Qaim, Al Jezira, Tarmiya, Al Fallujah, Al Rabiya, Abu Sukhayr



Explosives

Al Fallujah:

Chemicals plant producing HMX and RDX explosives

April 7 plant: Cluster munitions and proximity fuses for 155mm artillery shells

Badr: Bombs, artillery pieces and tungsten-carbide machine tools

Fao: Fuel-air explosives and cluster bombs

PC-1: Ethylene oxide for fuel-air explosives

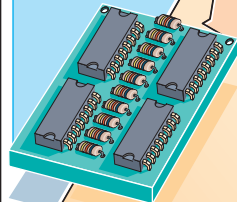
Huteen: Explosives, propellants and possible armoured vehicle assembly

Electronics

Digila computers: Software and assembly of weapons plant control systems

Mansour: Defence electronics

Saad 13 (Salah Al Dine): Defence electronics, radar and frequency hopping radios



Chemical and biological weapons facilities

Salman Pak, Saad 16, Samarra, Al Fallujah, Al Hillah, PC-1, Huteen Akashat, Al Qaim

